FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE ETS SUPRAIDE BYSKEY. CASH CAPITAL, - \$250,000.

BILLEAR WITT,
E. L. BALDWIN,
JNO. F. WARNER,
BERRY HARVEY,
W. B. GTVLER,
W. B. GTVLER,
W. B. GTVLER,
W. B. GTVLER, Brillman Will, President, H. M. CHAPIN, Vice Pres's. E. O. ROUSE, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

By matual consent the pertuership heretofore or riting under the civic of "Farmer & Painter, Banhers" is this day dissolved by the with-Bahbers" is 132 ony amovine by the ward of J. V. Painter from the firm. The bus will be continued by S. J. Frames and J. C. Sarmer & G. Will seeds all business persaining to the busin

V. PAINTER, Stock Broker, NO. 145 SUPERIOR STREET, CLEVELAND, OHIO.

of situation given to the purchase and sale on commission. July 1:275

W. TOWNSEND, NEWS ACENCY. G. W. Railway Depot and Chest-nut at , near Post Office, MEADVILLE, PA. Dea'er In Books, Stationery, Newspap rs, Maga

Also, Agent for the 'CLEVELAND LEADER," and Publisher of Townsend & Dale's May of the Oil Re NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOL.

AT MEADVILLE, PENNA.

Perm commences July 25th and continues in sea i an eight weeks.

The design of the institution is to afford an op-per unity for a thorough Massical Education, to n⁽¹⁾ dusting to prepare themselves either as THEO E. PERKINS of New York will have charge of the Vool Department. Terms, for tal-course \$20. For particulars and stroniars, Address N. COE. STEWART, Departicus, Ph. De Messre Cook & Hall, or Henry Davis, Esq.

ELECTRO-THERMAL BATH CURE.

34 AND 36 PROSPECT STREET.

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BATHS ONE DOLLAR EACH,

Patients can be accommodated with je9:84 Board at the Cure. MANUFACTORY.

EDWARD P. FENN Dr. Toung's Electro-Thermal Bath,

ELECTRICAL APPARATUS OF EVERY DESCRIPTIONS ser Models and Small Machinery of all kinds made to order.

Brave Finishing, Repairing and Jobbing dense with care and dispatch. NO. 64 CENTER SEREET,

Over Dennis Holt's Machine Shop, jes at: istp CLEVELAND, ORIO. TONSORIAL.

TRIUMPH OF ART.

Wig Making and Ladies' Hair Dresaing Wm. DAY, 46 Public Square, HAS ALL THE LATEST INVENTIONS IN WIG WORK.

SEE THE ILLUSION WIG-It fits to a charm. OURL: FRENCH NATURAL. BINGLET-Just control directly a large quantity of this beautiful hair. Ladies please call, examine and see for SWITCHES AND BRAIDS—A large and wallselected victor always on hand.

WATES-FALLS, BUTIERFLY BOWS, EUGENE BOWS and FRENCI HEAD-IRREES,
made by the advection squal to those imported,
self-lastles' ewn Braids made into any of the
shows Handbrews without injury to switch.
Lastles' Hair Drowning, Carting and Hair Cutting
done in the latest and most provailing styles.

HAIR DYEING—Particular attention paid to
this branch of the bond ers. The best of Dyn caed.

HOT AND COLD BATHS always rendy. The
both withing apvetments in the city.

127

HATS AND CAPS.

SPRING STYLES OF HATS AND CAPS. We are now introducing our SPRING STRLES GRANT HAT, THE SHERMAN HAT.

THE SHERIDAN HAT, THE DERBY HAT, And a splendid assuriment of Men's and Boys' Boft Hats and Caps. Also a nice time of GLOVES B. BUTTS & CO.,

Spring Styles of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, &c. L. Benedict & Sons

Have a large assertment of all the latestriyles which they offer at the lewest market rates, whole

CLAIM ACENTS.

(Saccomor to C. G. Brace & Preston), GOVERNMENT LICENSED Army and Navy Claim Agent, Office No. 1 Lyman's Block, Sear Court House, on Public Square, Glevelan

We collect Pensions, Sounty, Back Pay, Prins Money, and all other War Claims.

**We are Special Agent resident at Washington, D. C., destrote his extire time so the soliection of Orrecass." Accourts, procuring Cerificates of Non-indebtedness and obtaining pay. n Lauguage spoken,

D. W. CACE. Attorney at Law, and Authorized War Claim Agent OFFICE 168 SUPERIOR ST., OLEVELAND, O.

OFFIRE 168 SUPERIOR ST., CLEVELAND, O. Secures Persions. Collects Sounties, Back Pay and Prize Money, and Proceedings War Claims of every description.

The Mr. Amociate at Washington gives particular attention to the mitlement of OFFICERS' ACOUNTS.

ST All persons having Claims against the Government should apply to me at once.

ST Communications enclosing stamp will receive prompt attents.

PATENT OFFICE ACENCY. TINITED STATES AND FOREIGN

and, in Fannin county, Texas, prevented the execution of a Union man, sentenced by a committee to be hung, and was actually charged with being himself a Union man, and the head of all the Union jay-hawkers in Arkansas. He also denies that as a Judge of the Arkansas Supreme Court, he ever confiscated the property of Union men, the Court having no jurictiction in matters of confiscation. A Washington special states that Pike has been partoned. PATENT OFFICE AGENCY, No. 136 Bank Street, Cleveland, Ohio. We are prepared to transact business of every description relating to Inventions, Drawings, On-vests, Specifications, Palents, Infringements, and the Fatuat Laws.

BURELINGS & CO.,

Agiborised Attorneys for Patents.

TRIDAY, JULY 7, 1865, though mand beneat MORNING EDITION.

New Trial of Colonel Crane

Advocate. The charges are five, and the

specifications under them thirty in number.

Among them are "accepting valuable con-

a derations from persons furnishing supplies

and materials for the use of the United

States Military Rai road;" "corrept and

f sudulent conduct;" wilful and fraudulent

we understand, says that the charges orig-

insted in malice and disappointment, and

The telegraph informs us that Bear Ad-

miral Dupont, lately deceased, has be-

questhed the magnificent sum of \$175,000,

which he has received as prize money, to

the establishment of a National Asylum

for the orphans of soldiers and sailors.

No more fitting disposition could be made

of this sum, nor could it be used to better

advantage either for the good of legatees

or for the fame of the legator. The Du-

pont Asylum will be a magnificent

monument to the memory of a brave sol-

Miles O'Reilly is out upon the butchers

and declares against beef. His appeal is

eloquent and to the point. According to

his theory there's as good fish in the sea

as beef-and a great deal better; besides,

there is poultry, and bread and butter, out

The Ohio State Teachers' Association met

in Cincinnati on Wednesday. A large

number of teachers, including many from

s distance and many ladies, were present

An opening address was delivered by the

President, Mr. Harvey. Committees were

The release of nearly fifty thousand Con-

ederate prisoners below the rank of Major,

announced by telegraph, will materially

reduce the expenses of the government.

The cost of feeding and clothing these men

and of maintaining guards over them has

The interest in South Carolina affairs be

appointed and other business transacted.

Pass the word along the line

dier and a generous philanthropist.

of the sea; therefore-

will defend his conduct to the last.

DAILY LEADER.

LAST NIGHT'S BEPORT. Colonel J. C. Crane, Inspector Quartermasters' Department, who was tried some WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS months ago by Court Martial, for disobedi ence and neglect of orders, and acquitted, THE CONSPIRACY TRIA is now on trial at Nashville before another Court Martial, of which General Grees is Findings and Sentences by the President, and Major S. P. Thurston Judea Hal Military Commission,

> Approved by the President Harold, Payne, Mrs, Furratt and Afzerott to be Hung To-day,

Dr. Mudd, O'Laughlin, Arnold neglect of duty," &c., &c. Colonel Crane, to be imprisoned for Life. Spangler Sentenced to six Years

in Penitentiary. Mrs. Surratt's Friends at Work for a Reprieve.

They Will not be Successful Health of Secretary Stanton. Trial of Miss Mary Harris. Postponed till next Friday Admiral Farragut and General

Thousand of Men, Women and Children Greet Them.

Anderson in Boston.

General Gift of Admiral Dupont GENERAL NEWS ITEMS. GOLD LAST NIGHT 139 3-8. Associated Press Report.

IMPORTANT ORDER. WASHINGTON, July 6. The following important order has just WAR DEPARTMENT,

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, July 5, 1865. To Major-General W. S. Hancock, Com ding the Middle Military Division Washington:

WHERMAN, By the military commission appointed in paragraph No. 4, Special Orders, No. 211, dated War Department, Adjutent-General's Office, May 6, 1865, and of which Major-General David Hunter is President, the following persons were tried and sentenced as hereinafter GGLD stated, as follows: First, David E. Harold. Finding. Of the

The Appointment of Governor Perry, of South Caroliun. [Washington Cor. New York Herald] specifications, guilty, except combining, lative demand is less active. The bears confederating, and conspiring with Edward are putting cut no new options and appear Spangler, as to which part thereof, not guilty. Of obatge, guilty, except the words of charge that he combined, confederated, and conspired with Edward Spangler, as to which part of charge not guilty. Sentence.

And the commission thereof sentence him, David H. Harold to be hanged by the neck world he had and at such time and place.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP A STEAMER. gan to languish a week ago, but there was still a considerable amount of latent feeling on the subject, developed from day to day by the various rumors put affect by the rect-two-thirds of the members of the Second, George A. Atzerott. Finding. Operating specifications, guilty, except combing, confederating and conspiring with Edward Spangler—of this not guilty. And the

by the nack until he be dead, at such time and place as the President of the United States shall direct; two thirds of the members of the Commission concurring therein.
Third, Lewis Payne. Fading. Of specifications, guilty, except combining, consider-ating and conspiring with Bd ward Span-gler—of this not guilty; and the Commission does therefore sentence him, the said Lewis Payne, to be hung until he bedead, at such and place as the President of the time and place as the President of the United States shall direct; two-thirds of the members of the Commission concurring negroes to leave the State. This and similar absurdities were retailed around hotel lobbles and street corners, and served the

Fourth. Mary E. Surratt. Finding. Of speciestion, guilty, except as to receiving, entertaining, harboring and concealing Samuel Arnold and Michael O Laughlin, and except as to combining, confederating and conspiring with Eaward Spangles
And the Committee does therefore sentence the said Mary E. Surratt to be hanged by the neck until she be dead, at such time and place as the President of the United States may direct, two-thirds of the mem-bers of the Committee concurring therein And WHEREAS the President of the United States has approved of the fore-going sentences in the following order, to

Johnson. By the appointment of Mr. Per-ry he has unmistakably manifested his determination to adhere to his original policy of reconstruction, and to supe cide military by civil authority throughout the EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 5. The foregoing sentences in the cases of David E. Harold, George A. Atzerott, Lewis Payne and Mary E. Surratt, are hereby approved, and it is ordered that the sentences in the cases of David E. Harold, George A. Atzerott, Lewis Payne and Mary E. Surratt be carried into effect by the case willing authorities, under the mary is Sureas to the proper military authorities, under the direction of the Secretary of War, on the 7th day of July, 1865, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and two o'clock, P. M. of Herald furnishes it with the following

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON. You are hereby commanded to cause ihs foregoing sentences in cases of David E. Harold, George A. Atzero't, Liswis Payne and Mary E. Surratt to be duly ex-ecuted in accordance with the President's

By command of the President of the United States.

(Signed) E. D. Townsend,

has been very temperate in his life, and has never felt the want of drink as others bas never left the want of drink as others do. He generally salted his food to such a degree that no one but himself could est it, and, strange to say, he never felt the the want of drink. He did not commence to smoke until he was sixty-five years old, In the remaining cases of O Laughlin, Spangler, Arnold and Mudd, the findings and sentences are as follows: Fifth. Michael O'Laughlin. Findings. Fifth. Michael O Laughlin. Findings.
Of the specification, guilty, except the
words thereof as follows: "and in the further prosecution of the conspiracy afore
said, and its murderous and treasonable
purposes aforesaid, on the nights of the
13th and 14th of April A. D., 1865,
at Washington City, and within the miltered about ment and military lines aforesaid. greatly dieliked. He always worked hard, went to bed early and got up early. He was a rebel in 1798, and was wounded in the left leg. His answer to the question what he thought more than anything else caused him to live so long was, temperance, exercise, plain food, regular meals, regular hours in going to bed and getting up. Any one, to see him, would take him to be a man of about seventy. He sleeps well, and seems to enjoy good health, and may live some ten years more. tarydepartment and military lines aforesaid, said Michael O Laughlin did then and there lie in wait for Olysses S. Grant, then Lieutenant-General and Commander of the Armies of the United States, with intent, core. Armies of the United States, with intent, then and there, to kill and murder the aforesaid Ulysses S. Grant." of said words not guilty; and, except combining, confederating and conspiring with Edward Spangier: of this not guilty, except combinateter to the N. Y. Express, denying the statement that he countenanced the structies practiced upon Union soldiers at Pea Ridge.

bining confederating and conspiring with Edward Spangler; of this not guilty. Sentence — The Commission sentence Michael O'Laughlin to be imprisoned at hard labor for life, Sixth. Edward Spangler. Finding. Of specification hot guilty, except as to the following: "Said Edward Spangler on the active. The said 14th day of April, A. D., 1885, at about the same hour of that day as aforesaid, within said military department and military fines aforesaid, did aid and abet him, meaning J. Wilkes Booth, in making his escape after said Abraham Fincoln had been murdared and in the manner aforehis escape after said A oranam Fraccon had been murdered, and in the manner aforesaid;" guilty of having feleniously and traitorously aided and abetted J. Wilkes Booth in making his escape, after having murdered Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, said Edward Spangler at the time of aiding and abetting, as aforest the time of siding and abetting as aforesid, well knowing that said Abraham Lincoln, President as aforesaid, had been
murdered by said J. Wilkes Booth, as
aforesaid. The Committee sentenced
Spangler to be confined at hard laber for
fix years.

The Latest News tions guilty, except of combining, confederating and compliring with Edward spangler—of this not guilty. Of the Spangler—of this not guilty. Of the Seventh, Samuel Arnold. Of specifics. harge, guilty. The Commission sentenced aim to imprisonment at hard labor for

> Eighth, Samuel A. Mudd. Of specification guilty, except combining, confederating and conspiring with Edward Spangler, of this not guilty; and except receiving entertaining, harboring and concealing said Lewis Payne, John W. Surratt Wights O Laughlin George A Attacht Michael O Laughlin, George A. Atzerott Mary E. Surratt and Samuel Arnold of this not guilty of charge. Guilty, except combining, confederating and conspiring with Edward Spangle, of this not guilty sentence. The Commission sentence Dr. Mudd to be imprisoned at hard labor for

The President's order in these cases is a It is further orderd that Samuel Arnold, Samuel A. Mudd, Edward Spangler and Michael O'Laughlin be confined at hard labor in the Penitentiary at Albauy, N. Y., during the period designated in their res-

[digned,] Andrew Johnson, Atzerott was deeply affected and cried itterly asking for a Lutheran minister. Harold displayed considerable fortitude. nd only asked for an interview with his

Mrs. Surratt was collected and asked for

Sther Walters and Wiget to attend her

7-30 LOAN. PRILADELPHIA, July 6. Jay Cooke reports the subscrition to-day to the Seven-Thirty Loan to be \$3,015,100, including the following: 1st National Bank of New York \$325,000, 9th National Bank of New York \$130,800, 1st do, Nashville \$200,000, 1st do Leavenworth

\$100,000, 3d do. Uincinnati \$100,000, 2d do. Chicago \$245,500, 1st do. Springfield, Ill., \$100,000, 3d do Baltimore \$50,000, 2d do. Philagelphia \$50,000, 1st do. Cincinnati \$100,000, 2d do. Boston \$100,000, Na-tional Bank of the Republic, Boston, \$100,000, Brewster, Sweet & Co., Boston, \$200,000, 4th National Bank of New York \$125,000, 1st do. New York \$100 000, Fiske & Hatch, New York, \$1,014,100, 1st National Bank of Des Moines \$118,000. The individual subscriptions numbered we thousand one hundred and ninety-five

NEW BAILBOADS.

WASHINGTON, July 6. The Burlington and Missouri Railroad company of Iowa bave filed in the Interior Department a map of survey and location of their road from the Missouri river to Fort Kearney, Nebraska.

The Union Pacific Company have also

filed a map of survey and location of a road west of Omaha, Nebraska, for 100 miles, and, from that point, a map designating the general route of the line of road to Salt Lake City. The Union Pacific Eastern Dwision have likewise filed a map desig-nating the general route of the line of said railroad from Kansas City to the one hun-

COLD MARSET. NEW YORK, July 6. Gold is decidedly easier, and the specu-lative demand is less active. The bears

until he be dead, at such time and place as the President of the United States shall di-While the steamer Chocorda was lying at the wharf, at this place, last night,

sava on time this moraing, and was not NEW YORK, July 6. Ex-Governor Vancs was released from Old Capitel prison to day, and returned home subject to the President's order.

om his iliness as to call on the President The Chilian Minister has recovered from is accident. The Post's special says the counsel and iends of Mrs. Surratt are already making

Secretary Stanton has so far recovered

efforts to obtain a reprieve for her. It is thought they will not succeed. FROR BOSTOS.

Several thousand men and won en shook hands or otherwise saluted Admiral Farra-gut and General Anderson in Fancuil Hall to-day. The leves was quite in-The steamer Fairbanks, from Savannah, with the 38th Massachusetts Regiment, ar-

rived this evening. MOVEMENT OF TROOPS. FORT LARAMIE, July 6. A column, consisting of the 2d Misso Light Artillery, equipped as cavaly, and the 12th Missouri Cavalry passed thro Columbus, Nebrasks, to day, en route to the Powder River country, to co-operate with two other columns now preparing to march from Laramie against the hostil

GEREBOUS DONATION PHILADELPHIA, July 5. The press states that Rear-Admiral Bupont has bequeathed \$175,000, the amount of his prize money, to establish a national asylum in Wasnington for the orphans of soldiers and sailors.

FIRE. GARDINER, Me., July 6. The extensive Jarvis steam tannery and stock was destroyed by fire this noon. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$7,000.

ABRIVAL. NEW YORK, July 6. The steamer Atlanta, from London the 18th, via Havre the 20th ult., arrived to-night.

Special Report.

NEW YORK, July 6. FINANCIAL-

The stock market retains yesterday's mprovement and a general increase of activity throughout the list. Prices were 1(a)2 per cent. higher at the Stock Exchange.

The market was very firm on the railway list and the general tendency was toward higher prices. There was a fair emand for stocks, especially on Illinois Central and Northwestern preferred, at the second board, and also at the last board the railway list was strong. The Bull inerest now has complete control of the market and there is more confidence manifested in railway property, in view of the large earnings of all the leading roads.

Government stocks are strong and active. There is steady buying on account of foreign orders, chiefly of old 5-20s with small amounts of the new issue and of 6s

State bonds are steady. Coal share are quiet, but firm, Miscellaneous shares continue to grove n favor and were quite active. The gold market is dull and the specula tive feeling is dying out; cash gold has

bination with a view to work in shorts,

the following rates :

been made more plenty by a full com-

Hammond 600; Germania 40; Hydrick pets. 245; Highgata 75; Tack 67; Oceanica 95; Oil Creek 775; United States 2800.

PETROLEUM. Crude 341@35; 52@53} for bonded, and 12@781 for free.

It is reported that the pardon granted to Dr. Menroe A. Hollen of St. Louis has been revoked. GENERAL POPE

The Times' Washington special says that the world. General Pope had an interview with General Grant and the Secretary of War, but the President being too ill General Pope is detained here and will not for several days, probably, receive instructions as to the policy to be adopted in the treatment of the Indians in his department. TRIAL OF MARY HARRIS.

The trial of Miss Mary Harris, after selecting thirty-three additional jurors, making the panel complete, is postponed until LARGE SALE OF HORSES. The lagest public sale of horses that over occurred in this country on govern-

ment account will take place at Harper's

Ferry on the 8th inst.

HIGHWINES OURSTION. The statements that the highwine question, which has been before the Secretary of the Tressury during the past week, is to be decided on Thursday, is premature and untrue. The owners were represented by the Consul, who made such representation as induced Commissioner Lawis to recommend a compromise, which was not satisfactory to Mr. McCulloch. Some additional testimony was thought necessary by the owners as well as by the Secretary, and the whole consideration of the subject was postponed until this could be obtained. No decision is expected within a fortnight.

SAVANNAH NEWS. The Herald's dispatches from Savannah 1st says: The Provisional Governor for Georgia, Joseph Johnson, arrived here last Friday. He was screnaded, and in response made a brief address. The City Council had made arrangements for giving him a public reception on the following evening. It was expected that he would make an address, giving some indications

of his intended policy. the prospect of a speedy restoration of government, has been received with much tions. ernor for their State, thus affording about stisfaction by the Georgians.

Business in Savannah is still considerably depressed by the lack of communication with the interior. The railroad repairs are not yet completed, but it is hoped soon to see the restoration of something like former times.

OFFICERS' BANQUET.

NEW YORK, July 6. At the banquet to officers of the Army of the Tennessee at the Union Hotel, Saratogo, Colones Hillyer, of General Grant's staff, presided. Generals Schoffeld, Wallace, Kautz, Ingalls, Tyler, Sickels and Robinson were present Colonel Hillyer read a letter from General Grant spologizing for his absence. Apologies were also offered for the absence of Generals Blair about 10,000 bales of cotton reached there and Logan. A teast to the Army of the Ohio, which was responded to by General Scoffeld. Letters were read from Generals Howard, Mesde and Hooker, and from Admirals Farragut Dahlgren, Secretary Seward and others. The ball in the evening at the Opera House was largely at-

tended. The officers present left for their homes yesterday morning.

WASHINGTON, July 6. THE CONDEMNED CONSPIRATORS. Major General Hancock repaired to the Arsenal at noon to-day and delivered the death warrants of Payne, Harold, Mrs. Surratt and Atsarott to Major General Hartrauft, who is in charge of the prisoners, when they together visited the condemned to inf rm them of the sentences pronounced and the time fixed for execution. Payne was the first to whom the inteiligence was communicated. It did not seem to take him by surprise, as he doubt less anticipated no other, and narved himsetr accordingly. The others were more or less affected. Mrs. Surratt, particularly, sunk under the dread announcement and plead for four days additional time to prepare herself for death. All the prisoners will be attended by clergymen of their own

THE SCAFFOLD, &C. A scallold has been erected in the south yard of the Old Pentientiary building, which is enclosed by a high brick wall. Coffins and burial clothes are already pre-

pared. Only a limited number of persons will be admitted to the scene. The sentences of the conspirators who are to be imprisoned will be carried into

immediate effect. THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH. The attending physician expresses the belief that the President will be able to re-

sume his duties in a few days. TO BE MUSTERED OUT. In pursuance of general order No. 160 dated Headquarters of the Department of Washington, July 5th, Brevet Major Gen-

eral Bartlett's division, consisting of the 79th Pennsylvanis, 17th New York, 85th New Jersey, 46th Pennsylvania, 143d New York, 5th Connecticut, 2d Massachusetts, 28th, 29th, 147th, 73d Pennsylvanis, 60th and 102d New York and the 33d New Jersey regiments will at once be mustered out of service and ordered to their rendezvous in their respective States.

NEW YORK, July 6. COLORNO TROOPS. The Tribune's Galveston letter, of June Oth, says that Galveston is now occupied by colored troops, constituting a provost

guard for the rigid enforcement of law and GENERAL GRANGER. General Gordon Granger left on the 20th ult, for Houston with sufficient force to occupy the city, and protect the citizens in the vicinity.

NAVAL. The transports loaded with part of Weitzei's Corps arrived several days ago, says the same letter, but were unable to cross the bar. A large fleet is now anchored off the bar, composed of navy vessels, transports and coal boats. The Port Royal, New London, Preston and Cornubis are anchored in the bay.

CONDITION OF THE FORTS. The forts and batteries about Galveston are now deserted. The shell, shot and powder are scattered about with wanton recklessness. General Granger declares they are not worth occupying at present.
Fort Bankhead and Fort Magruder are
the principal earthworks, but they do not the Bresident, for the first time during his they are not worth occupying at present.

Fallon 620; Terraguta 280; State 150; deserve the name of forts, being merely Webster 200; Buchanan 85; Pit Hole piles of sand and railroad iron, with but Creek 1190; Brevart 150; Rynd Farm 170; a few guns in casemates and on the para-

> soldiers patrol the streets and a powerful feet is anchored off the city the narrow minded and impoverished people cling to want to fly to the lone star flag once more to subdivide their country into four States or more and become a recognized power in

THE FOURTH IN RICHMOND. The Tribune's Richmond letter of the 34 says arrangements for celebrating Independence Day have not yet been officially omulgated, though the various military divisions will parade at noon, and the usual morning, noon and evening salutes will be fired from the batteries and gunboats. An oration will be delivered at Libby by Chaplain Terrill, of New Jersey. Libby is now used as a Soldiers' Rest for our troops returning home. A movement is on foot to secure a pub-

lie demonstration in the Square. The programe intended is a prayer, reading of the Declaration of Independence and the recital of an original poem, interspersed with music from the band of the 14th Massachusetts Volunteers. The Governor will entertain his staff

and friends with a dinner. TO CELEBRATE. The colored churches and schools are preparing for celebrating. The fire works in the evening will be confined to individual enthusiasm, which does not seem to

promise anything very extensive. COTTON MILLS, ETC. The government clothing bureau has worked up all the material confiscated

here, and must soon cease operations. The Grenshaw and Manchester mills have employed eight hundred hands, the most of them girls, in spining and weaving the wool, cotton and yarn seized in these places after evacuation. The mills weave for five cents per yard, returning the same weight as the material issued less five per cent. for waste, in either satinet or duck. Very many of the first people of the city are applicants for work and are well satisfied with a remuneration of about \$5 per week. 700 skirts and 300 pairs of The news of the appointment of a Gov- pants are given out daily, which, when

> FROM CAIRO. CAIRO, July 6. An arrival from New Orleans brings 216 bales of cotton for Cairo, and 225 bales of cotton and 450 hogsheads of sugar for

An arrival from Memphis brings 100 bales of cotton for St. Louis. The Tribune's Savannah letter of the 27th ult, says the railroads are destroyed in all this section of country and it will be months before they can be put in running order, and the highways are almost impassable. The people seem to be utterly paralised and are not doing much to improve their deplorable condition.

Another letter of the 30th save that from Augusta in one week. This is the

FORTRESS MONROE, July 5. The ferry boat Newton went to Smith. field with a picnic party of colored folks, yesterday, with Companies C and R of the 3d New York cavalry as a guard. Their right to land at Smithfield was contended by some of the citizens, who created quite a disturbance, which required the inter-

terence of the guard to quell. Private John Gray, of Company, C was shot by his sergeant for not obeying orders and one of the citizens had his scalp removed by the sword of a federal officer after which order was restored.

PARDONS About 125 pardons were granted by the President this week, most of them North

The Government has authorized another sale of vessels on the 20th, amounting to 15, including the exptured blocksde runner Banshee, steel plated, 213 feet in length. REVOKED.

It is understood that on the 27th of June, before the news of the rescinding of blocksde could be received, the Spanish government revoked its grant of belligerent rights to insurgents in this country. A CHANGE.

BALTIMORE, July 6. Mr. J. Snively, of Hancock, was to day elected President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, in place of Alfred Shales. GALLAGHER'S EXCHANGE.

Gold, 139%-New York Central, -; Erie, 821/2; Hudion, 10134; Reading, 9936; Old Southern 64; Pittsburgh, 71%; Rock Island, 104%; North Western, 27%; North Western preferred, 60; Illinois Central, 134; Cumberand, 42; Quicksilver, 591/4.

Yesterday Evening's Edition.

NEW YORK, July 6.
The Herald's Richmond corresponder says in consequence of rumors in that city on Mouday last that negroes there contemplated an insurrection, the city guards were doubled and other precautionary measures were taken by the mili-

of the freedmen of Virginis, issued an address to the colored people of that State on the 4th of July, instructing them in regard to their duties. He tells them that having become free and placed in a position to receive the proceeds of their labor it remains for them to answer to the world whether they will be industrious and able to take care of themselves. He promises them the protection and assistance of the gov-ornment, and of all good citizens in their efforts, and warns them against idleness and vagrancy, toward which so many will be prone. Schools are to be established among them, the benefits of which they can avail themselves, and they are reminded of the great responsibility which now rests on them of shaping the destiny of

their race.

Colonel Northrop, formerly chief commissary of the rebel armies has been arrented by order of the government at Rai-eigh, North Carolins, and imprisoned in Castle Thunder.

Judge Ould, late rebel exchange com-

missioner, has been released, the charge made against him of being a par-ticipant in the insuman treatment of our

illness, did not leave his bed yesterday. ludge Advocate Holt was the only one dmitted to see him, and it is sur susiness concerned the finding of the Mil-

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The same letter says true loyalty is scarce in Galveston. Even new while the Union claim agents, it should be generally known that persons in the military and naval sorvice, and all others entitled to them, can minded and impoverished people cling to lands by making application directly to the idea of State independence. They the U.S. district land office for the State in which they propose to settle, on payment of the fees fixed by law, without the aid of any agency. Delay, vexation and expense will be avoided by acting on this

The Tribune's Washington special says It appears that just previous to his depar-ture to Cuba Breckenridge sent a private letter to his friend, E. M. Bruce, one of the rebel Congress, of which the following is

an extract. "I have had no news from the outer world since I disbanded near Woodstock, Ga, the left Confederate force east of the Chattabochie, I trust there will be wisdom enough in the councils at Washington not to drive a brave and suffering people remedies that spring from Every man should now exert all the influence be possesses to make the present cossi-tion of hostilities permanent and honor-able, and let it be remembered that there can be no lasting peace founded on cruelty

and oppression."

Meet of the muney as present instead by the Treasury Department is being disbursed for the payment of soldiers.

An order will soon be issued directing that General Hancock's heatquarters be established in Baltimora. His corps will then relieve most of the troops at present

stationed hereabouts. Major General Ord, to day, resumes miniand of the Northern Military De-

partment. His headquarters will be at

Major General Hooker will leave in a few days for New York, to relieve General

averaged 98. A large number of sun stroke cases are reported, only two or three, however, fatal. near Indianapolis yesterday. Henry Winter Davis, in his Chicago speech on the 4th, took strong grounds in favor of negro suffrage and the Monroe Doctrine.

A locomotive exploded at Centralia, Illinois, on the 4th, killing the erginee

> PROB CHARLESTON. NEW YORK, July 6.

The Herald's Charleston correspond says: General Hatch, commanding the district of Charleston, has learned that freedmen, have introduced the clause of a fittle of the only that they may obtain establishing the system of peonage, the ne-gro being bound to work out any debt ha may hereafter incur to his employer. The General has issued an order declaring that all such contracts are null. He also give notice that in these contracts no language ign at some future time to contest the nestion of emancipation of the negro. Dr. Mackey, the new collector of cus-toms for Charleston, arrived in that city from the North on the 29th, and had an

SENTENCE OF THE CONSPIRATORS. WASHINGTON, July 6, In accordance with the findings and sentences of the Military Commission, which the President yesterday approved, David E. Harrold, Lewis Payne, Mrs. Mary E. Surratt and George Atzerott are to be hung to-morrow by the proper military

in are to be imprisoned for the years on happy effects of your treatment and remodes a hard labor, in the penitenders. My daughter has suffered from deaf-

Henry Winter Davis on Regro Suf-A telegram to the Cincinnati Gazette from Chicago, gives the following abstract of his views on negro suffrage: In his address, Mr. Davis took strong ground in favor of negro suffrage. He said there was a class of men in the South

who were always loyal and true-the colored population. They should have the privilege of throwing their votes into the scale; and if this be allowed them, no fears need be entertaided of the result. We have made successful soldiers of the blacks. If they were fit to fight for us, they are fit to vote for us. They were equal to white rebels on the battle deld; th y storld to equal to them at the ballot-box. Whether we looked at this question in a humanitarian light or otherwise, the safety and per-petany or our free institutions required that the elective franchise should be extended to all men, regurdless of color, who

General Sharman arrived in Louisville of my case, my former treatment, my fall-on Monday morning, and was received, on landing from the steamer United States, by Hickenlooper's veteran brigade, the major and a large number of private citizens. At one o'clock his public reception took place at the Court House, Mr. Guthrie making of catarrh, marked by febrile syptoms, vicination of the lining a embranes of the head, accompanied in at the Court House, Mr. Guthrie making the welcoming address. The General responded by allucing to having begun his military career, during the late war, at Louisville, where, four years ago, all was confusion. Nevertheless, he thought then, as now, that the source and confuence of mountains and rivers bound us by a law higher than our own to stand as one sation. He said he wished all the people could live in the Blue Grass region of Kentucky, as all could not, he was glad that the land favored by God in every direction we favored by God in every direction we could look. He wanted the whole country maintained in one common national to the throst, occasioning houseness and maintained in one common national Union, and hoped that the peace now upon us would last forever, and that if ever he was called upon to fight it might be somebody out of the country. In the evening the General was entertained at a banquet at Masonic Hall, where speeches were made by him, Generals Logan, Palmer, and Blair, and Mr. Guthrie.

of various kinds; snuffs and other estarrisment of various kinds and other estarrisment of various kinds and blair, and blair blai

noval and change in Headquarters.

Accounts from Bochefort, France, state that the largest and swiftest steam transport in the world is at present fitting out for sea in that port. Her dimensions will port in the world is at present fitting out for sea in that port. Her dimensions will enable her to receive on board and convey a small corps darnee. It is expected that she will perform one hundred leagues per day, and by her extraordinary speed render great survice when time is an object.

scarcely noted as a change in the Paris fashions, yet to be deemed one very resoldiers not having been sustained.

It is said that the rebel ex mayor, Mayo, of Richmond, has svowed his determination to be a candidate for re-election in defiance of the United States Government.

TROE WASHINGTON.

| feathons, yet to be deemed one vary resulting that is caterial to a great "height," and the "success of astonishment" thereat and thereunder is very great. They may trip us up any way but with long robes.

RYB PLOUR! RYE FLOUR!—For all a loss to suit, at Warehouse of agils SARDMER, BURF \$ 00

Deafness, Catarrh,

DISCHARGES OF THE EARS, &c.

DR. LIGHTHILL.

Will commence his engagement

AT OLEVELAND, At Russell's Forrest City House, from Monday, July 3d, until Saturday, July

MANSFIBLD, At the Wiler House from Monday, July Oth, until Saturday July 15th.

TITUSVILLE, PA. At Pendleton's Hotel from Tuesday, July 18th, until Tuesday, July 25th.

FROM REV. M. ROBERTS.

NORTH MADISON, LAKE CO, U. 1 Pebruary 24th, 1864. }
DEAR Sin:-I take much pleasure in informing you that my daughter is much better of her deafness under your treat-ment. She had the scarlet fover when five years of age, which left her hearing seri ously impaired, which seemed also to be settling down into permanent, and, as we much feared, perfect and incurable deaf

We were not a little fearful and unbeing previously applied to other physicisms without success. But under your treatment we soon found evidence of decided improvement. The offensive discharge soon changed and indicated a healthy healing process. We are yet making use of your prescription, and we hope you will not fail to visit these parts again soon, as several of my friends are anxious to see a little of the office of the selves. Respectfully yours, M. Rongars.

From the Rev. B. T. Welch, formerly Pas-tor of the Pearl Street Rapitet Church, Albany, New York. NEWTONVILLE, Nov. 10, 1865.

DE LIGHTHIL.—Dear Sir: Allow me to express my grateful thanks for the skill and kind attention rendered to my daughter, whose ears have been hadly affected for many years, and for some, months has been nearly deprived of hearing. loss of this important sense is certainly a sad deprivation, painfully embarrassing, which the President yesterday approved, David E. Harrold, Lewis Payne, Mrs. Mary E. Surratt and George Atzerott are to be hung to-morrow by the proper military unthorities.

Dr. Madd, Samuel Arnold and O'Laughin are to be impressed for Jife.

Dr. Madd, Samuel Arnold and O'Laughin are to be impressed for Jife. ness since early childhood. The left ear, also, for several years, was seriously affect ed, and the disease apparently increasing, threatening the entire less of hearing. It was with extreme difficulty that she could participate in the conversation of her friends, and for two years has been deprived of this source of social enjoyment.
Happily my attention was directed to your Happily my attention was directed to your savertisement, and I was induced to place her in your care. Your treatment, under care of a kind Providence, has been successful. Her hearing, so far as I can judge, appears to be perfectly restored. Whether this restoration is permanent is a question time alone can determine, but present results are certainly very gratifying.

I am, dear sir, Truly and gratefully yours,

were loyal to the government and the great
principles of human liberty.

Bherman in Louisville.

From Rev. Fred S. Jewell, Professor of the
State Normal School, Albany, N. F.
Dz. Lighthull.—Dear Str: Under date
of March 14, I sent you a careful statement.

partial loss of voice; and twice within the last few years it has so affected the right eye as to confine me for weeks to a dark-

applications to the head of camphor, ginger and hot fomentation of different kinds; and in connection with these the To day the headquarters of the Northern Military Department will be closed out in this city, and transferred to Detroit, Michigan, where Major General Ord will take charge of it. General Hecker and his personal staff, Lieut Colonels Lathrop and Hart, will leave our city in a day or so for New York, where the General takes the place of Major General Dix. We part from these gentlemen, as also the Chief Clerk of the Department, Mr. Sands, and the Assisstant Judge Advocate, Lisut. Bond, with many wishes for their future comfort and prosperity. They have extended us many favors, with the courtesy of true gentlemen. Colonel H. L. Burnett, Judge Advocate of the Department, will also report at Detroit, as soon as relieved from the conspiracy trials in Washington.

Discountif General France, stafe and hot fomentation of different kinds; and in connection with these the usual emetics and cathartics employed to induce counter action. But none of these mant, and in the few instances in which temporal relief was afforded, it was at the expense of so much strength as to leave me greatly exhausted. Under these circumstances I was lad, though with some rejuctance, from the supposed incurability of the disease as it had not supposed impossible. At the time when I gave you my former certificate, while I had obtained a material relief which amply repaid me for my trial of your treatment, and which satisfied me that that treatment was as effective as it was simple and philoand which satisfied me that that treatment was as effective as it was simple and philosophical. A substantial secape from my old attacks of catarrb, for the almost unam not only as fully satisfied as to the util-ity and efficacy of your treatment of catarrh as I was six months ago, but I am now of the belief that if there is such a

Prof. State Normal School

the London Court Journal says it is carcely noted as a change in the Paris parkable, that ladies are patronizing short my case a substantial cure has be n effected.

Farmerox S. Jawett ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1864.

friends of conflicting policies. Dr. P. Mackey was generally accepted as the real representative of the genuine Union men of the State, and he was also understood to be opposed to the appointment of either of the persons named by the delegation as certain to be acceptable to the people at large. The members of the delegation were open to the charge of having been active secessionists throughout the war. The Cabinet was believed to be near y evenly divided in opinion on the propriety of mak-ing any appointment at present. Many influential persons were urging upon the President and Cabinet, that inasmuch as South Carolina had been foremest and

teadfast in her adherence to the confeder-

acy, retributive justice demanded that she

period of military government before the reins of civil authority were entrusted to her citizens. To add to the complications,

stories were industriously circulated that a widespread secret organization existed among the white inhabitants to compel all

mischievous purpose of their originators by

inciting outside pressure against the ap-pointment of a civil governor. Happily wiser counsels prevailed, and on Saturday the President determined to end all discus-

sion by the appointment of Mr. Perry, a gentleman of acknowledged ability. Fur-ther Cabinet discussions could have been productive of no good. Diffarences of

opinion were honestly entertained among

tion would have finally devolved upon Mr.

entire country. Those entertaining the strongest convictions against the wisdom of

the President's policy, accord him undoubt-ed honesty of intention, and acquiesce cheerfully in his resolve to make the trial

of governing the rebellious States by civil

The Oldest Ban in the United States

A correspondent of the New York

tacts in regard to the oldest man living in

Mr. McCormick, who lives about two

miles south of Newburg, was born August 6, 1751, and is now in tolerably good health. His voice is very strong, hearing

good, but his eyesight is very poor. His hair is not gray yet. He was married at forty-five, and had fourteen children. He

never drank tes or coffee and milk he greatly disliked. He always worked

Albert Pike, of Arkansas, is out in a let-

Albert admits making treaties with the In

dian tribes occupying the country west of Arkansss, at the peremptory order of his military superiors, sgainst his own wishes, with a view to get them to light for the

rebels; but he says, neither at Pes Ridge ner anywhere else did they scalp their en-

amies. He goes further than this. He says he issued an order expressly forbidding that mode of warfare, as barbarous and inhuman; and of that order Gen. Curtis, he

thinks, must have in his possession a copy. He says he ever loudly condemned the guerrills system and shooting at seamboats, and, in Fannin county, Texas, prevented

the United States: